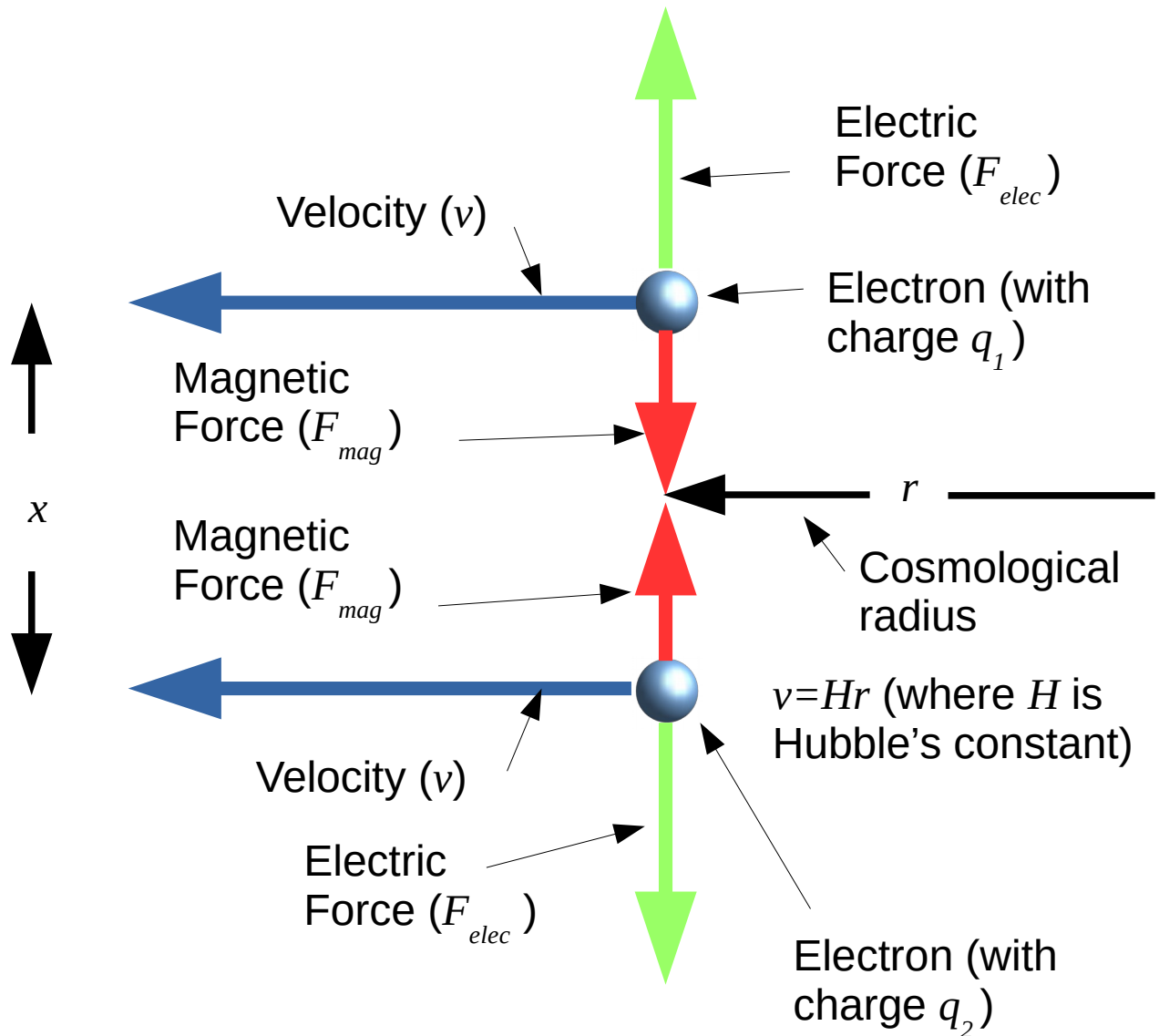


## Figure 4. Electric and magnetic forces on two electrons

Electric and magnetic forces on two electrons a distance ( $x$ ) apart both moving with a velocity ( $v$ ) and at a distance ( $r$ ) from a central comoving observer.



$$F_{elec} - F_{mag} = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} q_1 \left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} q_2}{4 \pi \epsilon x^2}$$

As the velocity ( $v$ ) approaches the speed of light ( $c$ ), the resultant force on each electron ( $F_{elec} - F_{mag}$ ) approaches zero.